

EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2010

EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2010

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EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors submit their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2010.

INCORPORATION

Euro-DM Securities Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Jersey, Channel Islands, on 11th February 1986.

ACTIVITIES

The Company holds a thirty year Schuldschein issued by the German Federal Post Office. The purchase of the Schuldschein has been financed from the net proceeds on the issue of Zero-Coupon Deutsche Mark Bearer Bonds and the sale of a portion of the interest receivable under the Schuldschein.

RESULTS

The results for the year are shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 7.

DIVIDEND

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend in respect of the year (2009 NIL).

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit and loss for that year.

In preparing those financial statements the directors should:

- * select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- * make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- * state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- * prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors confirm they have complied with all the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

So far as the Directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each Director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

STATEMENT OF PERSONS RESPONSIBLE WITHIN THE ISSUER

With regard to Regulation 2004/109/EC of the European Union (the "EU Transparency Directive"), the Directors of the Company confirm to the best of their knowledge that the Financial Statements for the year end give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit and loss of the Company as required by the applicable accounting standards. The Report of the Directors gives a fair review of the development of the Company's business, financial position and the important events that have occurred during the financial year and their impact on the Financial Statements. The Principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Company are disclosed in the notes of these financial statements.

EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED
REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (continued)

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company who served during the year and subsequently were as follows:

S P Harvey
J P Le Maistre
D E Smith (resigned 24th August 2010)

SECRETARY

Lloyds TSB (Jersey) Management Limited acted as Secretary throughout the year.

REGISTERED OFFICE

11 - 12 Esplanade,
PO Box 63,
St. Heller
Jersey
Channel Islands
JE4 8PH

ADMINISTRATOR

EES Trustees International Limited
Queensway House
Hilgrove Street
St Heller
JE1 1ES
Jersey

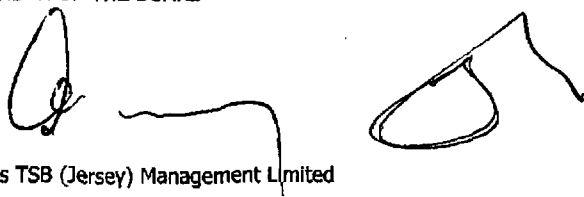
PAYING AGENT

Commerzbank AG
Mainzer Landstraße 151,
60327 Frankfurt am Main
Frankfurt
Germany

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Pricewaterhouse Coopers CI LLP acted as auditors during the year and have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD



Lloyds TSB (Jersey) Management Limited

Dated 18/11/10

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED

Report on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Euro-DM Securities Limited (the "Company") which comprise the balance sheet as of 31 December 2010 and the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and with the requirements of Jersey law. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

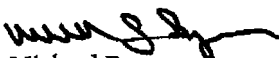
In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as of 31 December 2010 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

We read the other information contained in the Annual Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. The other information comprises of only the directors' report.

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Article 113A of the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.



Michael Byrne

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers CI LLP

Chartered Accountants and Recognized Auditor

Jersey, Channel Islands

18 November 2011

EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2010

(Expressed in Euro '000s unless otherwise stated)

		<u>€ 000s</u>	
	<u>NOTES</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Held to maturity financial assets	3	399,653	374,759
Prepaid expenses	4	88	105
		<u>399,741</u>	<u>374,864</u>
Current assets			
Receivable from related party		22	22
Cash and cash equivalents		1	1
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>399,764</u>	<u>374,887</u>
EQUITY			
Capital and reserves (attributable to the company's equity holders)			
Ordinary share capital	8	5	5
Accumulated losses		(97)	(114)
TOTAL EQUITY		<u>(92)</u>	<u>(109)</u>
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	7	399,838	374,978
Current liabilities			
Trade payable and accrued expenses		18	18
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>399,856</u>	<u>374,996</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		<u>399,764</u>	<u>374,887</u>

The financial statements on pages 6 to 18 were approved by the Board of directors on 16/12/2011 and are signed on its behalf by:

Director

Director

The notes on pages 10 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements

EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2010
(Expressed in Euro '000s unless otherwise stated)

	NOTES	€ 000s	
		2010	2009
INCOME			
Interest income	3	24,894	23,343
ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES			
Secretarial fee		7	7
Accountancy fee		2	2
Audit fee		2	2
Exempt company fee		1	1
		<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>
Less: Reimbursement	10	<u>(12)</u>	<u>(12)</u>
FINANCE COSTS			
Amortisation charge	7	24,860	23,315
Prepaid expenses	4	17	17
		<u>24,877</u>	<u>23,332</u>
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR AND TAKEN TO RESERVES		<u><u>17</u></u>	<u><u>11</u></u>

The notes on pages 10 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements

EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2010

(Expressed in Euro '000s unless otherwise stated)

	Share Capital	Accumulated Losses	Total Equity
Balance at 1 January 2009	5	(125)	(120)
Net profit for the year attributable to equity holders	-	11	11
Balance at 31 December 2009	5	(114)	(109)
	Share Capital	Accumulated Losses	Total Equity
Balance at 1 January 2010	5	(114)	(109)
Net profit for the year attributable to equity holders	-	17	17
Balance at 31 December 2010	5	(97)	(92)

The notes on pages 10 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements

EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS****FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2010****(Expressed in Euro '000s unless otherwise stated)**

	<u>NOTES</u>	<u>€ 000s</u>	
		<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Cashflows from operating activities			
Cash used in operations		-	-
Interest received		-	-
Net cash generated from operating activities		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Cashflows from financing activities			
Redemption of bearer bonds	7	-	-
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		<u><u>1</u></u>	<u><u>1</u></u>

Reconciliation of net profit for the year to cash used in operations

	<u>NOTES</u>	<u>€ 000s</u>	
		<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Net profit for the year		17	11
Adjustments for:			
Interest Income at effective Interest rate	3	(24,894)	(23,343)
Amortisation on discount on bearer bonds at effective Interest rate	7	24,860	23,315
Changes in working capital:			
(Increase) in receivable from related party		(4)	(4)
Increase in trade payable and accrued expenses		4	4
Decrease in prepaid expenses		17	17
Cash used in operations		<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>

The notes on pages 10 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements

EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2010

GENERAL INFORMATION

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented unless otherwise stated.

1.1 Going Concern

Although there is a negative equity position as at 31 December 2010, in the Directors' opinion the Company is still considered to be a going concern as the Company is able to meet its liabilities as they fall due for the next 12 months and in accordance with an undertaking dated 2nd July 1986, Commerzbank AG as promoters of the issue of Zero Coupon Deutsche Mark bearer bonds as described in note 7, have agreed to reimburse the Company for all expenses incurred. The expenses and the corresponding reimbursement are shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

1.1.2 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union, issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee (IFRIC).

The Company has acquired a Schuldschein issued by the Bundespost (German Federal Republic Post Office) from Commerzbank AG, funded by the proceeds of the Zero coupon Deutsche Mark bearer bonds. The bonds are issued with a maturity date corresponding to the payment date on the Schuldschein loan. The Company neither has, nor will have, any other significant assets or liabilities and has covenanted not to enter into any other transactions except in connection with the Schuldschein.

It should be noted that the terms of issue of the Deutsche Mark bearer bonds and certain of the agreements contain provisions that if changes are made before the final redemption date of the Schuldschein then the calculation of the amounts due is on the basis set out in such terms.

These financial statements have been prepared keeping in view that the transactions mentioned in the previous paragraphs are not separable. Total income arising from the Schuldschein and total expenses incurred on the financial liabilities (excluding the expenses pertaining to redemption of such liabilities) are recognised in the income statement during the terms of the Schuldschein and Deutsche Mark bearer bonds respectively so as to produce a constant rate of return over their term.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 1.2

a) Standards and amendments to existing standards effective 1 January 2010

There have been no new standards or amendments to existing standards which are effective 1 January 2010 and applicable to the Company.

EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2010

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.1.2 Basis of preparation (continued)

b) Standards and Interpretations to existing standards that are not effective and have not been early adopted by the Company

The Company has not early adopted any standards or Interpretations.

IFRS 9 was first issued in November 2009, at which time it consisted of provisions relating to the recognition and

c) Standards, amendments and Interpretations effective in 2010 but not relevant

The following standards, amendments and Interpretations to published standards are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010 but they are not relevant to the Company's operations:

- IFRIC 17, 'Distributions of non cash assets to owner';
- IAS 27 (Revised), 'Consolidated separate financial statements';
- IAS 38, (Amendment) Intangible Assets;
- IFRS 2 (Amendments), 'Group cash settled Share-based payment transactions';
- IFRS 3 (Revised), 'Business combinations' (effective from 1 July 2009);
- IFRIC 16, 'Hedges of Net Investment in a foreign operation';
- IFRIC 18, 'Transfers of assets from customers' (Effective from 1 July 2009).

Adoption of these standards, amendments and Interpretations do not have an impact on Company's financial statements.

1.2 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under circumstances.

1.2.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal and the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

a) Amortised cost of investment in Schuldschein and Deutsche Mark bearer bonds

The amortised cost of the Schuldschein and Deutsche Mark bearer bonds are calculated using the estimated effective interest rate. Effective interest rate was calculated based throughout the life of the Schuldschein and bearer bonds. The Company used its best judgement in estimating on the estimated cash inflows and cash outflows the cash flows for the calculation of effective interest rate. The amortised cost of the Schuldschein and Deutsche mark bearer bonds would be over or under estimated were the cash flows used to calculate the effective interest rate to differ from the management estimates.

EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2010

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.2.2 Critical judgements in applying the accounting policies

a) Impairment of held to maturity financial assets

The Company follows the guidance of IAS 39 to determine when a held to maturity financial asset is impaired.

The determination requires significant judgement. In making this judgement, the Company evaluates, among other factors, the financial health and business outlook of the investee including factors such as industry and sector performance, changes in the operational and financing cash flow.

In accordance with IAS 39, the Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any objective evidence of impairment; the determination requires significant judgement. In making this judgement, the Company evaluates, among other factors, the financial health and business outlook of the Schuldschein Issuer (Bundespost, German Federal Republic Post Office) including factors such as industry and sector performance, changes in operational and financing cashflow.

The Directors of the company are of the opinion that Bundespost, German Federal Republic Post Office is financially backed by the Federal Republic of Germany.

The Directors of the Company have a duty to review the impairment for year ended 31 December 2009 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), and to conclude whether the Company would suffer an additional charge for impairment.

The Directors of the Company are of the opinion that the investment is not currently impaired, although propose to continue to monitor the situation, given the current adverse economic conditions.

1.3 Financial assets and liabilities held at amortised cost

1.3.1 Classification

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. The Company has designated its investment in the Schuldschein as held-to-maturity investments, as the Company has the positive intention and ability to hold the investment in the Schuldschein to its maturity. Financial liabilities arise when company has a contractual obligation to deliver cash or other financial assets to another entity.

The Deutsche Mark bearer bonds issued by the Company are designated as financial liabilities carried at amortised cost.

1.3.2 Recognition and measurement

IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, requires held-to-maturity financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost to be measured on initial recognition at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset. The investment and financial liabilities of the Company are initially recorded at cost.

However, this departure has no material effect on the carrying value of investment or the financial liability as the management estimates that the cost of the financial assets and financial liabilities approximated to their fair values at the time of the initial recognition.

1.3.3 Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

1.3.4 Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. The Fund uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance sheet date. Valuation techniques used include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants making the maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs. See note 4 and note 6 for the fair value estimation.

EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2010

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts.

1.5 Foreign currency translation

1.4.1 Functional and presentation currency

The Company has adopted the Euro ("EUR") as its presentation and functional currency, as the Company's primary activity is to invest in Euro denominated securities. The Company has no exposure to currency on its investment, and only minimal exposure to Pound Sterling ("GBP") and United States Dollar ("USD") on its payables and receivables.

1.4.2 Transactions and balances

Transactions denominated in currencies other than EUR have been translated to EUR at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary items on the balance sheet have been translated to EUR at the exchange rate ruling at the year end. Foreign currency gains and losses on such transactions and translation are recognised in the Statement of Consolidated Income.

1.5 Income

Income, which includes interest income and discount on the Schuldschein, is recognised in the Statement of Consolidated Income using the effective interest rate method over the term of the Schuldschein.

1.6 Amortisation charge

Discount on Deutsche Mark bearer bonds is amortised through the Statement of Consolidated Income over the life of the total liability using the effective interest rate method.

1.7 Issue costs

Costs necessarily incurred in relation to the issue of the Deutsche Mark bearer bonds are classified as transaction costs. These transaction costs are subsequently amortised through the Statement of Consolidated Income using the effective interest rate method over the life of the related liability. Any unamortised transaction costs are presented by way of netting from the related liability to which they pertain.

1.8 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1.9 Administration expenses

The Company has engaged the services of Computershare to provide administrative services for a fixed fee of \$10,000 per annum and a fee of \$3,000 for bookkeeping and accounting services plus disbursements.

Total administrative and accounting fees for the year amounted to €9,000 (2009: €9,000).

1.10 Bond redemption expenses

According to the terms of arrangement the difference between the interest instalments receivable on the Schuldschein and the redemption value of the relevant Deutsche Mark bearer bonds will be utilised for payment of costs pertaining to redemption of the Deutsche Mark bearer bonds. Accordingly, bond redemption expenses are recorded at the time when the bonds are actually redeemed.

1.11 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2010

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and counter-party risk, and liquidity risk as explained below.

2.1 Financial risk factors

a) Market risk

i) Price risk and Interest rate risk

The overall position and risk is governed by terms of the determined loan document under the Schuldschein, and is matched and funded by zero coupon Deutsche Mark bearer bonds. The interest rate on the Schuldschein is fixed and therefore interest rate risk is deemed to be minimal.

ii) Currency risk

The Company's presentation and functional reporting currency is the Euro and there is no exchange rate risk on income since the DM was converted to the Euro in 2002 at a fixed rate of 1.95583. There is some limited exposure on expenses charged in Pound Sterling ("GBP") and United States Dollar ("USD") currencies, however these expenses are fully reimbursed by the controlling company, Commerzbank AG.

iii) Sensitivity analysis

The Company has not provided a sensitivity analysis, given that both interest rate risk and currency risk are fully hedged. Therefore in the Opinion of the Directors, no sensitivity analysis is required to be disclosed.

b) Credit risk and counter party risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counter-parties will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. The Company's single investment holding is the Schuldschein (as described in note 3), with an actual balance outstanding of €399.6m as at 31 December 2010 (2009: €374.7m). The Company has covenanted not to enter into any other transactions except in connection to the Schuldschein. An impairment review was carried out within the business in respect of the Schuldschein and based on such directors are of the view that no impairment provision is required, as more fully described below.

The Schuldschein investment continues to be government backed and the loan originates from an EU member state. This is because Deutsche Post, under Postumwandlungsgesetz law, is backed by the Federal Republic of Germany through a commitment, made by the Federal Republic of Germany, to fulfil the prior obligations of Deutsche Bundespost Post following its split and privatisation into three separate entities. The counterparties, who are legally bound by the documentation, are regulated banks.

The only other asset subject to credit risk is the receivable from related party, Commerzbank AG is the ultimate controlling party of the Company. Given that Commerzbank AG, is a well regulated bank with a credit rating of A-1 the credit risk of the receivable from related party is deemed to be minimal.

The Directors have accepted on balance that there is no evidence to suggest that the Schuldschein investment had suffered a decline in fair value below the cost, or that any decline was prolonged or significant. The Directors of the Company are therefore of the opinion that the investment is not currently impaired, although they did acknowledge that they will continue to monitor the situation, given the current adverse economic conditions.

EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2010

2 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

2.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company is unable to meet the payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due.

The Company currently has minimal exposure to liquidity risk as its obligations to meet its liabilities are offset by the investment held in accordance with the terms of the loan agreement. There have been no defaults or breaches to date, in relation to financial obligations of the company.

The maturity of the Company's liabilities are given in the table below.

As at 31 December 2010

	Less than 1 year Euro' 000s	2 to 5 years	Over 5 years Euro' 000s
Trade payable and accrued expenses	18	-	
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:	-	-	399,838

As at 31 December 2009

	Less than 1 year Euro' 000s	2 to 5 years	Over 5 years Euro' 000s
Trade payable and accrued expenses	18	-	
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:	-	-	374,978

2.2 Capital risk management

As of 31 December 2010 the Company has an ordinary share capital of €5,000 (2009: €5,000). The Company's main transaction, acquisition of Schuldschein was funded through issue of Deutsche Mark bearer bonds as described in note 7 to the financial statements.

2.3 Limited recourse

There is no limited recourse in place, as the financial assets are not secured on any specific assets of the issuer but are guaranteed by the issuer for repayment.

EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2010

3 HELD TO MATURITY FINANCIAL ASSETS

Held to maturity financial assets represents an investment in a Schuldschein issued by Bundespost, German Federal Republic Post. The investment has a face value of €300,759,780 and was purchased at a cost of €287,580,920.

Between 14 March 1986 and 13 March 1996, the Schuldschein yields interest at a rate of 6.3 % p.a. due and payable annually. Subsequently, it bears interest in equal instalments due in every five years on 14 March 2001, 2006, 2011 and 2016 respectively. The principal amount of the Schuldschein is payable on 14 March 2016.

The Schuldschein is used to provide security for the Deutsche Mark bearer bonds detailed in note 7 below.

The carrying value of the Schuldschein is as follows:

	€ 000s	
	2010	2009
Amortised cost at beginning of the year	374,759	351,416
Interest income during the year at effective interest rate	24,894	23,343
	399,653	374,759

The effective rate of the Schuldschein is 6.64% p.a. The fair value of the Schuldschein presented in the Balance Sheet is estimated to be €466,584,984 as at 31 December 2010 (2009: €434,665,908).

4 PREPAID EXPENSES

This represents advance payments made in respect of Trustees and Paying Agents fees and is amortised through the income statement on a straight line basis over the life of the Schuldschein.

	€ 000s	
	2010	2009
Carrying cost at the beginning of the year	105	122
Amortised during the year	(17)	(17)
	88	105

5 ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

In accordance with an undertaking dated 2nd July 1986, Commerzbank AG as promoters of the issue of Zero Coupon Deutsche Mark bearer bonds as described in note 3, have agreed to reimburse the Company for all expenses incurred. The expenses and the corresponding reimbursement are shown in the income statement.

6 TAXATION

The Company is currently registered in Jersey as an exempt company. The States of Jersey Income Tax Authority has granted the Company exemption from Jersey income tax under the provision of Article 123A of the Income Tax (Jersey) Law 1961.

With effect from 1 January 2009, Jersey has abolished the exempt company regime for existing companies. At the same time the standard rate of income tax for companies has moved from 20% to 0%. Therefore some entities previously exempt from tax under the above provision are now taxed at 0%.

EURO-DM SECURITIES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2010

7 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT AMORTISED COST

As mentioned in note 3 of these financial statements, the Company issued 1,435,280,000 Zero-Coupon Deutsche Mark Bearer bonds divided in to four series (Series 2001, Series 2006, Series 2011 and Series 2016). The bonds are listed on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange. The Company sold its right to receive the interest due on the Schuldschein during the period 14 March 1986 to 13 March 1996 in order to finance the purchase of the Schuldschein. These liabilities are recorded in the financial statements at their amortised cost which is determined after taking into account discount and transaction cost amortisation and payment of interest instalments to settle the liability arising on the sale of rights to receive interest on the Schuldschein, and are fully secured on the Schuldschein described in note 3.

The carrying value is as follows :

	<u>€ 000s</u>	
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Amortised cost at the beginning of the year	374,978	351,663
Amortisation of discount at effective interest rate	24,860	23,315
Amortised cost at the end of the year	<u>399,838</u>	<u>374,978</u>

The effective interest rate of the Deutsche Mark bearer bonds is 6.63% p.a.

The contractual value at the maturity of the Deutsche Mark bearer bonds is € 517m (2009 - € 517m).

The fair value of the Deutsche Mark Bearer Bonds presented in the Balance Sheet is estimated to be €466,584,984 as at 31 December 2009 (2009: €434,665,908).

8 ORDINARY SHARE CAPITAL

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Authorised 10,000 shares of £1 each	£ <u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>
Issued and fully paid 3,509 shares of £1 each	£ <u>3,509</u>	<u>3,509</u>
Converted to € at the exchange rate ruling at the date on which the Deutsche Mark ("DM") ceased to be legal tender.	€ <u>5</u>	<u>5</u>

The issued share capital is held in a nominee capacity by Lloyds TSB (Jersey) Services Limited and Lloyds TSB (Jersey) Management Limited

9 IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate controlling party of the Company is Lloyds TSB Offshore Trust Company Ltd (formerly known as Hill Samuel Offshore Trust Company Limited), as trustee of a charitable trust. In the opinion of the trustee the ultimate controlling party is Commerzbank AG, a regulated German bank.

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10 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered related if one party has ability to control the other party or exercise influence over the party in making financial or operational decisions. The following are considered by the directors of the Company to be related parties:

- Lloyds TSB Offshore Trust Company Ltd as Immediate controlling party of the Company. The directors of Lloyds TSB Company Offshore Trust Company Ltd are also directors of the Company.
- Commerzbank AG as the ultimate controlling party and paying agent of the Company.
- Lloyds TSB Offshore Trust Company Ltd provided administrative and accountancy services for a fee of €9,000 (2009 € 9,000) during the year. There are no outstanding fees as at the year end.
- Commerzbank AG has reimbursed the Company of all administrative expenses for the year of €12,000 (2009: €12,000).

The balance receivable from Commerzbank AG at 31 December 2010 is € 22,000 (2009 - € 22,000).

11 EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

No significant events occurred between the balance sheet date and the date of signing the financial statements, which would require adjustments, or disclosure in, the financial statements.